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## Review: Transitivity and bundle shifts

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**Transitivity and bundle shifts.** (English summary)

*Invariant subspaces of the shift operator*, 287–297, *Contemp. Math.*, 638, Amer. Math. Soc., Providence, RI, 2015.

Let  $B(\mathcal{H})$  denote the set of bounded linear operators on a separable Hilbert space  $\mathcal{H}$ . A unital subalgebra of  $B(\mathcal{H})$  is *transitive* if it has only trivial invariant subspaces; that is, only  $\{0\}$  and  $\mathcal{H}$ . We say that  $A$  is *catalytic* if every transitive subalgebra of  $B(\mathcal{H})$  that contains  $A$  is strongly dense. In 1967, W. B. Arveson proved that the unilateral shift of multiplicity one and non-scalar Hermitian operators of multiplicity one are catalytic [Duke Math. J. **34** (1967), 635–647; [MR0221293](#)]. S. Richter proved that the Dirichlet shift is catalytic in 1988 [J. Reine Angew. Math. **386** (1988), 205–220; [MR0936999](#)]. More recently, G. Cheng, K. Y. Guo and K. Wang showed that the coordinate multiplication operators on a functional Hilbert space with complete Nevanlinna-Pick kernel are catalytic [J. Funct. Anal. **258** (2010), no. 12, 4229–4250; [MR2609544](#)].

A uniform algebra on  $X$  is a *Dirichlet algebra* if  $\operatorname{Re} A$  is uniformly dense in  $C(X)$ . One says that  $A$  is a *logmodular algebra* on  $X$  if  $\log |A^{-1}|$  is uniformly dense in  $\operatorname{Re} C(X)$ ; since  $\operatorname{Re} A \subseteq \log |A^{-1}|$ , every Dirichlet algebra is a logmodular algebra. One says that  $A$  is a *hypo-Dirichlet algebra* if there is a finite set of elements  $f_1, f_2, \dots, f_s$  in  $A^{-1}$  so that the linear span of  $\operatorname{Re} A$  and  $\log |f_1|, \log |f_2|, \dots, \log |f_s|$  is uniformly dense in  $\operatorname{Re} C(X)$ ; the number  $s$  is taken to be as small as possible.

For a hypo-Dirichlet or logmodular algebra, the authors show that  $A = H^\infty(m)$ , acting on a generalized Hardy space  $H^2(m)$  in which the representing measure  $m$  provides  $H^2(m)$  with the structure of a reproducing kernel Hilbert space, is catalytic. They also show that for finitely-connected domains bounded by nonintersecting smooth Jordan curves, the “holomorphic functions” of a bundle shift yield a catalytic algebra. This generalizes a result of H. Bercovici et al. [J. Funct. Anal. **258** (2010), no. 12, 4122–4153; [MR2609540](#)].

{For the collection containing this paper see [MR3309345](#)}

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